

GCE

Chemistry B

H433/02: Scientific literacy in chemistry

A Level

Mark Scheme for June 2022

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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PREPARATION FOR MARKING

RM ASSESSOR

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *RM Assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are available in RM Assessor.
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the RM Assessor messaging system.

5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses – Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the highest mark from those awarded. (*The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.*)

Multiple Choice Question Responses

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate).

When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only one mark per response)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth two or more marks)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Mark Scheme

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add 'SEEN' to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. Award No Response (NR) if:
 - there is nothing written in the answer space.

Award Zero '0' if:

• anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**

If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or email.

9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

10. For answers marked by levels of response:

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, using the Level descriptors to help you decide whether it is a strong or weak answer. The indicative scientific content in the Guidance column indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance. Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the skills and science content evidenced within the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer.

Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark:

The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.

The lower mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.

In summary:

The skills and science content determines the level.

The communication statement determines the mark within a level.

Level of response questions on this paper are 3c and 5g

PMT

11. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
V	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
[1]	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

12. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
√	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

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13. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

Qı	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance		
1	а		iron(III) oxide ✓	1	2.5	IGNORE gaps in name		
1	b	i	CaO + H ₂ O → Ca ²⁺ + 2OH ⁻ selection of CaO \checkmark correct equation \checkmark	2	3.1 x 2	IGNORE state symbols		
1	b	ii	$CaO + CO_2 \rightarrow CaCO_3 \checkmark$	1	2.7	IGNORE state symbols		
1	С	i	(brick) red✓	1	1.1	ALLOW orange or orange/red IGNORE 'bright/light/dark' qualifiers		
1	С	ii	electrons are raised/excited to higher energy levels (by heat from flame) ✓ they drop emitting photons ✓ OR they drop emitting light of specific(AW) frequency / wavelength✓	2	1.2 x 2	Energy absorbed from other sources eg light is CON ALLOW use of E=hv		
1	С	iii	CHECK ANSWER LINE If frequency = 4.87 x 10 ¹⁴ award 2 marks Rearrange to $\upsilon = c/\lambda \checkmark$ $\upsilon = 3.00 \times 10^8/6.16 \times 10^{-7}$ (scores 1 st mark if calc wrong) = 4.87 x 10 ¹⁴ (Hz) \checkmark	2	2.6 x 2	ALLOW 2 or more sf.		
1	d	i	Ca:s Fe:d ✓	1	1.2	BOTH required for 1 mark Lower case letters only		
1	d	ii	(1s²2s²2p ⁶ 3s²3p ⁶)3d ⁵ / [Ar] 3d ⁵ / ✓	1	2.1	IF other sub-shells included they must be correct to score this mark		
1	d	iii	more than one d configuration is stable	1	2.5	ALLOW (Iron is a transition metal and) can form ions with different oxidation states		
1	e		Name: iron(III) hydroxide AND Colour: orange/orange-brown ✓	1	2.3	ALLOW 'red/brown' or 'brown' with qualifiers that are not colours, eg 'dark', 'gelatinous'		

					1	1
	f	i	pipettes 25 cm ³ of Fe ³⁺ ✓	5	3.3	
			adds excess iodide(to fully react with Fe ³⁺); \checkmark		3.3	
			titrate with thiosulfate solution in burette \checkmark		33	
			attack with those added near and point (0.0	
					2.7	
			repeat ✓		3.3	
	f	ii	CHECK ANSWER LINE	3		
			If answer = 0.065 (mol dm ⁻³) award 3 marks			
			$(\text{Amount this} =) 2.2 \times 0.51/1000 \text{ or } 1.62 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol s}/$		20	
			(Amount time =) $3.2 \times 0.31/1000$ OF 1.03×10^{-3} mole $*$		2.0	
			$(\text{Conc Fe}^{\text{st}} =) 1.63 \times 10^{-s} \times 1000/25 = 0.065 \text{ mol dm}^{-s} \checkmark$		2.8	
			2sf (0.065) ✓		3.1	ALLOW Any calculated value to 2sf for 1 mark
	f	iii	Titre(AW) larger ✓	2	3.4 x 2	
			Less measurement uncertainty/can quote answer to			IGNORE references to accuracy/precision
			$3 \text{ sf/smaller } \% \text{ error in titre } (\Lambda \text{W}) $			
1	g		48 Cr + 4 He \rightarrow 52 Fe	2	2.6 x 2	
			top row \checkmark bottom row and chromium symbol \checkmark			
1	h	i	Number of protons plus neutrons \checkmark	1	1.1	IGNORF 'in the atom/element/isotope'
•		•		•		
1	h		abundance/% of isotone below 56	1	3.2	IGNORE references to % abundance at 56
•			abundance/ // of isotope below 50	1	5.2	
			is bigger than			IVIUST de a comparative statement
			abundances/% of isotopes above 56 ✓			
				27		

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Mark	AO	Guidance
	1				element	
2	а		and but-1-ene ✓	1	1.2	MUST be skeletal formula
2	b		π1 σ11 ✓	1	2.1	
2	С	i		1	1.1	ALLOW any unambiguous structure
2	C	ii	No, because 2 of same groups on each/one C /ORA \checkmark	1	3.1	Eg 2 methyl groups on one carbon atom DO NOT ALLOW 'each side'
2	d		$ \begin{array}{c} CH_{3} \\ -C \\ C \\ CH_{2} \\ CH_{3} \\ \checkmark \end{array} $	1	2.1	ALLOW brackets and 'n' ALLOW any unambigous structure
2	e		instantaneous (dipole)-induced dipole /id-id ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW London/Van der Waals forces
2	f		$\begin{array}{c} H & H & H & H & H & H & H & H \\ CH_3 - C & & C - CH_3 & \rightarrow CH_3 - C & C & C - CH_3 \\ H & & Br & H & Br \\ H & & Br & H & Br \end{array} \rightarrow CH_3 - C & C - CH_3 \\ H & & Br & H & Br \\ \end{array}$ reactants with curly arrows \checkmark intermediate attacked by bromide with curly arrow \checkmark product \checkmark	3	2.5 x 3	ALLOW any unambiguous structure curly arrows must start (when extended, if necessary) on the bond concerned or a lone pair or the negative charge on the bromide ion and end pointing at an atom or the bond to be formed. IGNORE partial charges.
2	g		<i>Either</i> Catalyst: Nickel AND Conditions: heat and pressure (between 1 and 5 atm) ✓ or Catalyst: Platinum AND Conditions: RTP (AW) ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW T between 100°C and 200°C
	h	ł	C ₁₂ H ₂₆ ✓	1	1.2	
	h	Ħ	adsorption (of the reactants onto the catalyst surface) \checkmark	1	1.2	
				12		

Question		on	Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance		
3	а	i	Working shown on graph ✓ Two values of '4.0±0.2' ✓ units: x 10 ³ s ✓	3	2.8 x 3	Half-lives do not need to start at 2.1 and 1.05		
	а	ii	3.5±0.5 x 10 ⁻⁴ (mol dm ⁻³ s ⁻¹) ✓	1	2.8	ALLOW ecf from omission of 10^3 in (i) $[3.5\pm0.5 \text{ x} 10^{-1}]$		
	а	iii	They are in excess ✓ their concentrations don't/hardly change ✓	2	3.3 x 2	ALLOW concentrations are not known/varied / only the concentration of H_2O_2 is known/varied		
	b	i	thiosulfate reacts with the iodine until thiosulfate is used up \checkmark iodine (reacts to) form (blue/blue-black) colour with starch \checkmark	2	3.4 x 2			
	b	ii	1/time ✓	1	3.3	ALLOW Conc/time		

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C*	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. Level 3 (5–6 marks) Analyses data to determine orders and rate constant for the reaction, AND evaluates the data to suggest a possible mechanism including some fine detail There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Analyses data to determine orders, and rate constant for the reaction AND evaluates the data to outline a possible mechanism (little or no fine detail) OR Deals with two areas with some fine detail There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Analyses data to determine order of reaction wrt I ⁻ and H ⁺ OR Constructs rate equation and determines the rate constant OR Suggests a possible mechanism for the reaction There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. O marks No response or no response worthy of credit	6	3.1 x 2 3.2 x 4	Indicative scientific points include: fine detail in italic AO3.1 Analysing data - Determining orders • first order I ⁻ • zero order H ⁺ • reason for I ⁻ / as [I ⁻] doubles rate doubles / quotes relevant values from table • reason for H ⁺ / as [H+] doubles rate remains constant / quotes relevant values from table AO3.2 Determining rate constant • rate equation: Rate = k [I ⁻] [H ₂ O ₂] • k expression: k = Rate/[I ⁻] [H ₂ O ₂] • k value: k = 5.25 x 10 ⁻⁶ /0.03 x 0.01 = 1.75 x 10 ⁻² • k units: dm ³ mol ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ AO3.2 Interpreting and evaluating • I ⁻ and H ₂ O ₂ in rds/ no H ⁺ in rds • suggestion of mechanism, eg H ₂ O ₂ + I ⁻ \rightarrow H ₂ O + IO ⁻ (slow) H ⁺ + IO ⁻ \rightarrow HIO (fast) HIO + H ⁺ + I ⁻ \rightarrow I ₂ + H ₂ O (fast)
			1	1

Mark Scheme

d	Suitable line of best fit drawn on graph√ THEN CHECK ANSWER LINE IF answer = (+)50+/-5 (kJ mol ⁻¹) award 3 further marks	4	2.6 x 4	Passes close to points 1, 2 and 4 (within 1 small square of each point) ALLOW more sf
	Calculates Gradient \checkmark Calculation of E_a = -gradient x R \checkmark changing units from J mol ⁻¹ to kJmol ⁻¹ \checkmark			ALLOW ecf.
		19		

Question		on	Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance
4	а	i	R H C NH ₂ R C C C H HOOC A H NH ₂ C C C C C H NH ₂ C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	3	1.1 x 3	ALLOW other 3D structures that are mirror images
			enantiomers			
			structures ✓			DO NOT ALLOW single lines (—) at 180°
			one chiral centre labelled / indicates 4 different groups around correct carbon atom ✓			ALLOW non-superimposable mirror
			enantiomers described ✓			images of the molecule
	а	ii	[−] OOCCH ₂ NH ₃ ⁺	1	1.1	ALLOW any unambiguous structure.
	b	i	formation of peptide bond ✓	2	2.1 x 2	ALLOW any unambiguous structures.
			HOOCCH ₂ NHCOCHRNH ₂ and HOOCCHRNHCOCH ₂ NH ₂ ✓			MP2 can only be scored if peptide link correctly formed/drawn
	b	ii	condensation and water formed ✓	1	1.1	
	С	i	primary structure ✓	1	1.1	IGNORE 'polypeptide structure'
		ii	secondary structure ✓ hydrogen bonds ✓	2	1.1 x 2	IGNORE covalent bonds DO NOT ALLOW ionic bonds/sulfur bridges/pd:pd

Mark Scheme

d			3	2.5 x 3	
		^{His} Asp 1. Upper fragment with NH ₂ (shown circled) \checkmark 2. Left hand fragment attached to serine contains =O \checkmark 3. his and asp structures completed as shown \checkmark			
е	i	hydrogen bonds/imb broken in tertiary structure ✓ so active site destroyed/changes shape/becomes denatured ✓	2	1.2 x 2	ALLOW H-bonds/imb disrupted(AW)
	ii	Image: state of curve above pH 8√ At other pH values the active site becomes denatured/changes shape	3	2.7 x 3	y-axis labelled as 'activity/rate/speed' x-axis labelled pH
	iii	Correct for low/initial [substrate] / first order wrt low/initial [substrate] ✓ At higher [substrate] becomes zero order/ rate does not depend on [substrate] ✓	2	3.1 x 2	ALLOW rate plateaus/levels off at higher [substrate]
			20		

C	Questio	on	Answer	Mark	AO	Guidance
5	а	i	$K_{a} = [H^{+}][F^{-}]/[HF] \checkmark$ mol dm ⁻³ \checkmark	2	1.1 x 2	ALLOW ecf
		ii	CHECK ANSWER LINE If answer = 72.4, award 3 marks $K_a = 7.24 \times 10^{-4} \checkmark$ Rearrangement of K_a expression to [F ⁻]/[HF] = $K_a/[H^+] / 7.24 \times 10^{-4} / 1 \times 10^{-5} \checkmark$ Ratio = 7.24 x 10 ⁻⁴ /10 ⁻⁵ = 72.4 \checkmark	3	2.6 x 3	ALLOW 2 or more sf ALLOW ecf from (i) ALLOW ecf from second MP
5	b		PO₄ ^{3–} ✓ loss of proton/H⁺ from HPO₄ ^{2–} ✓	2	2.1 1.1	ALLOW PO₄ ³⁻ accepts H⁺ MP2 dependent on MP1
5	С		$SnF_2 + 2OH^- \rightarrow Sn(OH)_2 + 2F^- \checkmark$	1	2.7	IGNORE state symbols
	d		tetrahedral ✓	1	2.1	
5	е	i	$K_{\rm sp}$ is for (concentrations in) a saturated(AW) solution \checkmark IP is for any/other concentrations \checkmark	2	3.1 x 2	
5	e	ii	CHECK ANSWER LINE If answer = 13, award 3 marks $IP = 1.43 \times 10^{-3} \times (7.9 \times 10^{-3})^2$ or $8.92 \times 10^{-8} \checkmark$ Supersaturation = cube root of $(8.92 \times 10^{-8}/3.9 \times 10^{-11} \text{ or } 2.29 \times 10^3) \checkmark$ = 13 to nearest whole no. \checkmark	3	2.4 x 3	If answer = 2 or 4 award 2 marks If answer rounds to 13 award 2 marks
5	f		CHECK ANSWER LINE If answer = 3.77 x 10 ⁴ / 37700, award 2 marks 19/504.5 ✓	2	2.2 x 2	ALLOW 2 or more sf. ALLOW ecf from incorrect value for
			x 10 ⁶ = 3.77 x 10 ⁴ (ppm) ✓			Mr

PMT

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	d iate a ula ion <i>m</i>
 areas. danger is attack by acids on hydroxylapatite/formul. equation; equation; pptn of fluoroapatite/formul. pptn of fluoroapatite/formul. encourages remineralisat this is deposition of calciu phosphate; 	
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically • equation; There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically • equation; structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. • pptn of fluoroapatite/formule Level 2 (3–4 marks) • encourages remineralisat Makes some of the main points from both areas with some fine detail from one area. • this is deposition of calcius phosphate;	
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Makes some of the main points from both areas with some fine detail from one area. • this is deposition of calciu phosphate;	ion
one area.	m
prospriate,	
• hecause fluoroanatite has	the
Makes all of the main points from one area	12·
There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information $\bullet F^-$ acts as a catalyst	12,
presented is relevant and supported by some evidence	
Not protective or hard	
• fluoride compounds solut	le in acid
Addresses both areas	and
OR fluoroapatite	ana
Addresses one area with some fine detail	
• fluoroapatite is no harder	(than
There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The	(indir
information is in the most part relevant	eth
0 marks	
No response or no response worthy of credit	

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